

# The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXII.  
No. 4,336.

NEWPORT, SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1843.

Established  
A. D. 1758.

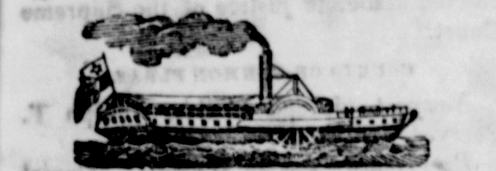
**The Newport Mercury**  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY  
**J. H. BARBER.**  
No. 133, Thames Street.

**Terms**—Two DOLLARS per annum.  
Advertisements not exceeding a square  
inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents  
will be charged for each subsequent inser-  
tion.—All Advertisements, (except where an  
account is open) must be paid for previous  
to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the  
discretion of the Editor) until arrears are  
paid.  
Single papers six cents, to be had at the  
Office.

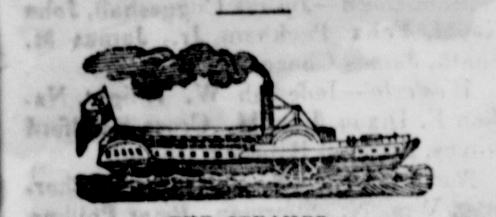
**Blank Account Books,  
Memorandums,  
Letter Paper, Steel Pens,  
Writing Books,**  
and most kinds of Stationery, constantly  
for sale by  
**J. H. BARBER.**

## STEAMBOAT NOTICE.



**The Steamer MASSACHUSETTS** leaves  
Long Wharf, Newport for Provi-  
dence, Sunday morning, June 25th, at  
7 o'clock. Returning will leave Provi-  
dence Monday at 11 A. M., and Newport  
at 2 P. M. for New York, via Stoning-  
ton.  
Fare between Newport & New York \$3.50  
River Fare.  
The above arrangement will continue  
until further notice.  
March 25.

## NEWPORT AND PROVIDENCE.



**THE STEAMER  
IOLAS,  
CAPT. F. WOOLSEY.**

Will leave Providence for Newport  
every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday,  
Friday and Saturday at 4 A. M.  
Returning leave Newport same days as  
above, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The Iolas will land at India Point to re-  
ceive passengers from Boston, and will  
arrive at Providence in the afternoon in  
time to take the Stonington cars for New  
York the same evening.  
Fare from Newport to New York, Cab-  
in, \$3.50. Deck, \$2.50.  
Fare from Newport to Boston, \$2.00.  
Tickets sold on board the Iolas for either  
place.

Sunday will leave Providence at 8 1-2  
o'clock A. M. Returning leave Newport  
at 4 1-2 P. M., landing at Bristol each way.  
Fare, 50 cents. Freight of all descrip-  
tions taken at Packet prices whatever it  
may be.  
[May 20.]

## For Newport and Providence.



UNTIL further notice the Mail stage will  
leave Providence for Warren, Bristol and  
Newport, every morning (Sundays excepted)  
at nine o'clock, A. M., and arrive in Newport  
at two o'clock P. M. A Mail stage will also  
leave Newport for Providence via Bristol and  
Warren, at 5 o'clock, A. M., and arrive in  
Providence at 2 o'clock P. M., in time to take  
the Stonington Cars for New York, the cars  
for Boston, and the Stages for Woonsocket and  
Covington. This is the most direct and expedi-  
tious Stage route between Providence and  
Newport, and passengers taking this line may  
rest assured that every attention will be paid  
to render the ride as comfortable as possible.  
The coaches are in good order—good horses  
and careful and obliging drivers. There is  
now a new horseboat at Bristol Ferry which  
makes the crossing much more expeditious and  
pleasant than formerly.

Extra horses and coaches furnished in  
either place at short notice.  
Books kept in Providence at the Manufac-  
turers and Franklin Hotels; at Coles in War-  
ren, Jones' in Bristol, and at Hazard's and  
Townsend's in Newport.  
G. R. KINNICUTT, Providence, } Pro-  
S. MASON, Jr. Warren } pri-  
J. CHADWICK, Bristol } tors.  
JOHN G. WEAVER, Newport,  
Oct. 22, 1842.

## DRESS GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received a  
very great assortment of New and de-  
sirable Styles of Goods  
**FOR DRESSES,**  
such as Silks, Mouseline de Laines, Pa-  
rizenes, Cambrics, Calicoes, &c.  
**WM. C. COZZENS & Co.**  
April 15.

## JOB WORK, done at this Office.

## FOR SALE.

A very pleasantly situated and  
valuable **FARM**, lying on  
the East side of this Island,  
and 4 1-2 miles from New-  
port, being partly in Middletown and  
partly in Portsmouth, containing about  
110 acres of excellent Land; it is well  
fenced with stone wall.—The Farm has  
on it a double two story dwelling house,  
a good wash room chaise and milk house,  
crib and grain house, and a large double  
barn; all the above buildings are in good  
repair—there is also a well of good soft  
water, and a water grist mill that will  
rent for \$60 per year, and is in excellent  
grinding order.—There is also a large  
full grown greenling orchard, and a young  
orchard; both orchards are in full bearing  
of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on rea-  
sonable terms as to price and credit, and  
any one wishing to secure an independ-  
ence for life, will do well to purchase—  
it is seldom such a Farm is offered for  
sale on this Island.  
**ROBINSON POTTER.**

## For Sale,

House No. 224, corner of Thames  
and Sanford streets, near the north end  
of Main Street. Apply to the subscriber  
in Tiverton, or JONATHAN T. ALMY, Esq.,  
in Newport and at the office of the New-  
port Mercury.  
**JAMES STEVENS.**  
May 20, 1843.

## A Furnished House to Let.

The subscriber will let for  
the season or year, the house and  
garden on Oere Point,  
the property of Wm. Beach  
Lawrence, Esq. The garden will be  
planted and cultivated for the use of the  
tenant, and there is on the premises an  
ice house filled with excellent ice, also  
for his use.  
**RICHARD K. RANDOLPH.**  
Newport, April 29, 1843.

## TO LET.

And possession given immediately.  
THE Dwelling House, corner of  
Spring and Cannon streets, formerly  
occupied for many years,  
by the late Mrs. E. G. Phillips—  
It contains a number of lodging rooms,  
well arranged for a Boarding House, with  
a good well of water in the cellar, and has  
an out Kitchen and Stable on the premises.  
For terms apply to  
**AUDLEY CLARKE.**  
Newport May 6.

## TO LET,

THAT pleasant and com-  
modious Dwelling  
House, in Washington street,  
owned and formerly occupied,  
by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is  
in excellent repair and has been occupied  
for the last five years by Miss Goff as a  
Boarding House.—It has a large yard,  
garden, and an unfailing well of water.  
It will be Let for One or more years.—  
For terms, &c. apply to  
**BENJAMIN FINCH**  
Newport, March 13.

## TO LET,

The office in the second  
story of the South Wing of  
the Rhode Island Union Bank  
Building. For terms apply  
at the Bank.  
April 22.

## TO LET.

TWO first rate Tenements in  
the new House in Brewer street,  
opposite the Newport Brewery.  
One tenement is on the first floor and one  
on the second floor, each tenement consists  
of four rooms with washroom, lock garret  
and cellar, with a rain water Cistern to  
each. There is a large and convenient  
yard, with a pump and good well of water  
belonging to the premises.  
Small families with but few children,  
would be preferred. The subscriber has  
also to let, several small tenements. For  
further information apply to  
**ROBINSON POTTER.**  
Newport, April 1.

## FOR SALE or TO LET.

THE Estate in Pelham street,  
late belonging to Capt. T. R.  
Gardiner dec., and long occu-  
pied by him as a, boarding  
house. For further particulars apply to  
**GEORGE ENGS.**  
Newport, May 6 1843

## TO LET

And Immediate Possession given.  
THE HOUSE at the north end of  
Thames Street, adjoining the  
House of Wm. Stevens.  
**ALSO**  
A House in Middletown, on the Farm of  
the subscriber, pleasantly situated on the  
West Road. For terms apply to  
**STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.**  
April 16,

## BIRDSEED of all kinds—A fresh lot just

received and for sale at STACY'S  
Confectionary and Variety store.

## HOUSE FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers  
for Sale, his House and Lot,  
situated in the central part of  
Broad street, occupied by  
F. Carr.—The House is a substantial,  
well built structure, two stories high, 35  
feet in length, by 30 in breadth with an  
addition to the rear also two stories, high,  
and 18 feet by 12 in dimension together  
with a wood house, rain water cistern,  
and a well of good water. The Lot is  
spacious, being 90 feet on Broad street,  
and running back upwards of 250 feet,  
and covered with a variety of fruit and  
ornamental trees.—The whole forms a  
most eligible residence for a private fam-  
ily, or may for a small amount be con-  
verted into a convenient Boarding House.  
**WM. G. HAMMOND.**

## Sea-Baths on the Long Wharf.

Nature's Grand Restorer!

EVERY day and evening, from 6  
o'clock A. M. to 9 P. M. (Sundays  
excepted.) Warm, Shower and Swimming  
Baths. These Baths impart agreeable  
sensations to the mind, keep the skin  
clear and clean, the body healthy and  
vigorous; removing the dead particles of  
the cuticula, causing the blood to circu-  
late freely, lighting up a fresh and healthy  
glow in the most sallow countenance.—  
Those who participate in these luxuries  
improve their disposition and memory.  
June 10 ] **E. TREVETT.**

## JUST received from New York, per

steamer Rhode Island, a general  
and carefully selected assortment of Sta-  
ple and

## FANCY DRY GOODS,

among them are the following, viz:—  
Broad cloths, Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans,  
Erminet, drab d'ete, gambroons, alpacas,  
colours, M. de laines, black striped silks,  
colored do, French prints, common do,  
furniture prints, satin vestings, Marcellis  
vestings, silk and cotton gloves and mitts,  
shawls, fancy kerchiefs, Gent's black and  
colored scarfs, silk and cotton hose, wool-  
en and cotton table covers; Russia, Dutch  
and Irish linen dapers, cotton diaper,  
Irish linens, Tartan lace, edgings, bonnet  
ribbons, and a variety of other articles  
all of which will be sold at the lowest  
prices, for cash or approved credit, at  
No. 132, by **J. M. COOK & CO.**  
April 8.

## ACCORDIANS, Flutes, Fifes, Violins,

Guitars, Bass Viol, Violin and Guitar  
strings, a fine assortment, for sale cheap,  
at STACY'S Variety Store, corner of Frank  
and Thames streets.  
May 13.

## Molasses Hhd Shooks and

Heads.

1000 of the first quality. For sale  
by  
**PECKHAM, BULL & CO.**

## ANDERSON'S Fine Cut Honey Dew To-

bacco, just received and for sale by  
the gross or dozen, at the New York prices,  
by  
**T. STACY, Jr.**  
May 13.

## WILLOW CARRIAGES and CRADLES,

Travelling Baskets and Bags,  
for sale at STACY'S Variety Store, cor-  
ner of Frank and Thames streets.  
May 13.

## NEW ARRANGEMENT.

## Regular Mail Line, for

NEW YORK



On and after Monday, May 15th, the  
splendid Steamers composing this Line  
will leave Long Wharf, Newport, for New  
York, in the following order:

THE MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. Comstock, on

Mondays at 2 P. M.

THE RHODE ISLAND, Capt. Thayer, on

Tuesdays, and Thursdays, at 2 P. M.

Passengers for New York may also

take the Iolas, daily via Providence and

Stonington Railroads, without additional

charge.

Cabin Fare, \$3 50

Deck, 2 50

Freight, per cubic foot, 6 cts

## Notice to Shippers and Consignees.

All Goods, Freight, Baggage, Bank Bills,  
Specie, or any other kind of property taken  
shipped or put on board the Steamers of this  
Line, must be at the risk of the owners of  
such goods, freight, baggage, &c., and all  
freight consisting of Goods, Wares and  
Merchandise, or any other property landed  
from these steamers, if not taken from the  
wharf without delay, will be put under  
cover at the risk of the owners of such  
goods, wares, merchandise, &c., in all re-  
spects whatsoever.  
[May 20.]

May 27.

## PARASOLS,

SUN-SHADES,

UMBRELLAS,

Opened yesterday, by  
**WM. C. COZZENS & CO.**

## THE subscriber intending to

relinquish the business in  
which he has so long been en-  
gaged, offers for sale the estab-  
lishment, in Newport, so well known as the  
**EAGLE HOTEL.**

The house was mostly rebuilt in 1836; is  
93 feet in length, and 35 in breadth; and  
contains four parlors, a large and convenient  
dining hall, and rooms for the comfortable  
occupancy of seventy boarders. Attached  
to it there are a garden, outhouses, stables  
and every desirable convenience. The cen-  
tral position and extensive accommodations  
of this establishment will always secure for  
it a full share of public support at all  
seasons of the year. It will be sold with or  
without the furniture. For terms, apply  
to the present proprietor and occupant.  
**THOMAS TOWNSEND.**  
Newport, R. I. Sept. 25-1841.

## PERFUMERY.

AN assortment of choice perfumery,  
consisting of a great variety of  
Fancy Soaps, Guerlain's & Ring's Sha-  
ving Cream, French and German Co-  
logne, Lavender Water, Edes Hedyonnia  
and Verbena extracts—Saissy's celebra-  
ted handkerchief perfumes—Kesan Soap,  
Bear's Grease, Ox Marrow Pomade, at  
April 29.] **R. J. TAYLOR'S.**

## H. SESSIONS

HAS just opened a great variety of arti-  
cles

## FOR DRESSES,

M de Laines, Chusans, Parisiens, Prints  
and Cambrics.

## ALSO

## SHAWLS,

Ribbons, Fancy Hdks &c. &c.

## PEACH & ROSE WATER,

Preston's Extracts of  
Rose and Lemon.

For sale by **R. J. TAYLOR.**

## ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

**JAMES W. ALLAN**, of the town and  
County of Newport, Baker, having  
made to the undersigned, an assignment  
of his property for the benefit of his creditors  
as set forth by his assignment; therefore  
those persons having demands against the  
said James W. Allan, are requested to pre-  
sent the same, and those indebted to make  
immediate payment to  
**ADAM S. COE,** } Assig-  
**EDWD. T. ALLAN,** } nees.  
Newport, June 8, 1843.

## FURNITURE.

A SMALL quantity of Furniture and  
Crockery, that has been in use six  
months, is offered for sale at a low rate  
for Cash at  
**MRS. BENJAMIN HAZARDS,**  
Newport, June 3.] Broad street.

## Court of Probate, Jamestown, June 23, 1843.

WHEREAS application is made for an  
Administrator to be appointed on the  
estate of  
**SALLY KNOWLES,**  
late of Jamestown, deceased.  
It is ordered that the same be received and  
the consideration thereof be referred to a  
Court of Probate to be holden at the Middle  
School House in Jamestown, on Monday the  
17th of July at 2 o'clock p. m., and that pre-  
vious notice be given by publishing a copy of  
this order three weeks in the *Newport Mer-  
cury*, for all persons interested to appear at said  
time and place and be heard,  
By Order  
**JOHN REMINGTON, Probate Clerk.**

## Court of Probate, Newport, June 5, 1843.

WHEREAS application was made for an  
Administrator to be appointed on the  
estate of  
**WILLIAM B. TOWNSEND,**  
late of Newport, dec.  
It is ordered, That the same be received, and  
the consideration thereof be referred to a Court  
of Probate, to be holden at the Town Hall in  
Newport, on the first Monday in July next,  
at 9 o'clock A. M., and that previous notice  
be given by publishing a copy of this Order 3  
several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all  
persons interested to appear at said time and  
place, and be heard.  
By Order,  
**B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.**

## Court of Probate, Newport, June 5, 1843.

UPON the petition of Henry Y. Cranston,  
Administrator on the estate of **WILLIAM  
BARBER** late of Newport, Printer, dec. repre-  
senting that the personal estate of said de-  
ceased is insufficient to pay the debts allowed  
against said estate by the Commissioners by  
the sum of \$795.56 (less the sum of \$124.72,  
consisting of Furniture not yet sold.) and pray-  
ing that he may be authorised and empowered  
in his capacity of administrator to sell at pub-  
lic auction all the right, title and interest  
which said deceased had at the time of his de-  
cease in and to a certain lot of land and dwell-  
ing house in Newport bounded Southeasterly  
on Broad Street, Southwesterly on land of  
Geo. C. Shaw, Northerly on land of Joseph  
Fish, and Northerly on a Street, or so much  
thereof as will be sufficient to pay the de-  
ficiency aforesaid together with incidental  
expenses,  
It is ordered, That the said petition be re-  
ceived, and the consideration thereof be referred  
to a Court of Probate to be holden at the  
Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday  
in July next, at 9 o'clock A. M., and that  
said petitioner give previous notice of the  
pending & prayer thereof by publishing a  
copy of this Order, three several times in the  
*Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to  
appear at said time and place, and be heard.  
True copy  
**B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk**

## Select Tales.

### THE MAIDEN'S CHOICE.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

"Two offers at once! You are truly  
a favored maiden, Rose," said Annette  
Lewis, to her young friend Rose Linton,  
in a gay tone. "It is husband or no hus-  
band with most of us; but you have a  
choice between two."

"And happy shall I be if I have the  
wisdom to choose rightly," was the re-  
ply of Rose.

"If it were my case I do not think that  
I should have much difficulty in making  
a choice."

"Don't you? Suppose, then, you give  
me the benefit of your preference."

"Oh, no, not for the world," replied  
Annette, laughing. "I'm afraid you  
might be jealous of me afterwards."

"Never fear. I am not of a jealous  
disposition."

"No, I won't commit myself in re-  
gard to your lovers. But if they were  
mine, I would soon let it be known  
where my preference lay."

"Then you won't assist me in coming  
to a decision. Surely I am entitled to  
this act of friendship?"

"If you put it upon that ground, Rose,  
I do not see how I can refuse."

"I do put it upon that ground, Annette.  
And now, I ask you, as a friend, to give  
me your opinion of the two young men.  
James Hambleton, and Marcus Gray,  
who have seen such wonderful attrac-  
tions in my humble self, as to become  
suitors for my hand at the same time."

"Decidedly, then, Rose, I should prefer  
Marcus Gray."

"There is about him, certainly, Annette  
much to attract a maiden's eye, and to  
captivate her heart, but it has occurred  
to me, that the most glittering surface  
does not always indicate the purest gold  
beneath. I remember, once, to have  
seen a massive chain, wrought from  
pure ounces, placed beside another that  
was far inferior in quality, but with a  
surface often of ten times richer hue. Had  
I not been told the difference, I should  
have chosen the latter as in every way  
more valuable. But when it was ex-  
plained that one bore the hue of genuine  
gold, while the other had been colored  
by a process known to jewellers, I was  
struck with the lesson it taught."

"What lesson, Rose?"

"That the richest substance has not  
always the most glittering exterior.—  
That real worth, satisfied with the con-  
sciousness of interior soundness of princi-  
ple, assumes few imposing exterior as-  
pects and forms."

"And that rule you apply to these two  
young men?"

"By that rule I wish to be guided, in  
some degree, in my choice, Annette. I  
wish to keep my mind so balanced, that  
it may not be swayed from a sound dis-  
crimination by any thing of imposing ex-  
terior."

"But is not the exterior—that which  
meets the eye—all that we can judge  
from? Is not the exterior a true expres-  
sion of what is within?"

"Not by any means, Annette. I  
grant that it should be, but it is not. Look  
at the fact I have just named respecting  
the gold chains."

"But they were inanimate substances.  
They were not faces, where thoughts,  
feelings, and principles find expressions."

"Do you suppose, Annette, that bad  
gold would ever have been colored so as  
to look even more beautiful than that  
which is genuine, if there had not been  
men who assumed exterior graces and  
virtues that were not in their minds?—  
No. The very fact you adduce, strength-  
ens my positions. The time was, in the  
earlier and purer ages—the golden ages  
—of the world's existence, when the  
countenance was the true index to the  
mind. Then it was a well tuned instru-  
ment, and the mind within a skillful play-  
er, to whose touch every muscle, and  
chord, and minute fibre gave answering  
melody. That time has passed. Men,  
now, school their faces to deception. It  
is an art which nearly all practice—my-  
self and yourself too often. We study  
to hide our real feelings; to appear in a  
certain sense what we are not. Look  
at some men whom we meet every day;  
with faces whose calmness, I should  
rather say, rigidity, gives no evidence  
that a single emotion ever crossed the  
waveless ocean of their minds. But is  
it not so? The mind within is active  
with thought and feelings. But the in-  
strument formed for it to play upon, has  
lost its tune, or bears only relaxed or broken  
chords."

"You have a strange, visionary way  
of talking, sometimes, Rose," replied An-  
nette, as her friend ceased speaking.—  
"All that may do for your German tran-  
scendentalists, or whatever you call them;  
but it won't do when you come down to  
the practical matter of fact business of  
life."

"To me it seems eminently a practi-  
cal principle, Annette. We must act, in  
all important matters in life, with a just  
discrimination; and how can we truly  
discriminate, if we are not versed in  
those philosophical principles, upon which,  
and only upon which, right discrimina-  
tions can be made."

"I must confess, Rose," replied her  
young friend, "that I do not see much  
bearing that all this has upon the matter  
under discussion—or, at least, I cannot  
see the truth of its application. Gold  
never assumes a leaden exterior."

"Well?"

"We need not be very eminent philos-  
ophers to tell one from the other."

"No, of course not."

"Very well. Here is Marcus Gray,  
with a genuine golden exterior, and  
James Hambleton with a leaden one."

"I do not grant the position, Annette.—  
It is true, that Mr. Hambleton is not so  
brilliant and showy; but I have found in  
him one quality that I have not yet dis-  
covered in the other."

"What is that?"

"Depth of feeling, and high moral  
principle."

"You certainly do not pretend to af-  
firm that Mr. Gray has neither feeling  
nor principle?"

"Of course I do not. I only say that  
I have never yet perceived any very  
strong indications of their existence."

"Why Rose?"

"I am in earnest, Annette. I doubt  
not that he possesses both, and, I trust,  
in a high degree. But he seems to be  
so constantly acting a brilliant and effective  
part, that nature, unadorned and simple,  
has no chance to speak out. It is not so  
with Mr. Hambleton. Every word  
he utters shows that he is speaking what  
he really feels; and often, though not so  
highly polished in speech as Mr. Gray,  
have I heard him utter sentiments of  
genuine truth and humanity, in a tone  
that made my heart bound with pleasure,  
at recognising the simple eloquence of  
nature. His character, Annette, I find it  
no way difficult to read; that of Marcus  
Gray puzzles my closest scrutiny."

"I certainly cannot sympathize with  
you in your singular notions, Rose," her  
friend replied. "Certain it is, that I  
never discovered either of the peculiari-  
ties in these young men that you seem to  
make of so much importance. As for  
Mr. Gray, he is a man of whom any wo-  
man might feel proud; for he combines  
intelligence with courteous manners, and  
a fine person; while this Hambleton is  
to me, insufferably stupid. And no one,  
I am sure, can call his address and man-  
ners any thing like polished. Indeed,  
I should pronounce him downright boorish  
and awkward. Who would want a man  
for a husband of whom she would be  
ashamed? Not I, certainly."

"I will readily grant you, Annette,"  
Rose said, as her friend ceased speaking,  
"that Hambleton's exterior attractions,  
are not to be compared with those of  
Mr. Gray. But, as I said before, in a  
matter like this where it is the quality of  
the mind, and not the external appearance  
of the man alone that is to give happiness,  
it behove a maiden to look beneath the  
surface, as I am trying to do now."

"But I could not love a man like Mr.  
Hambleton, unless, indeed, there were no  
possibility of getting any one else. In  
that case, I would make a choice of evils  
between single blessedness and such a  
husband. But, to have two such offers  
as you have, Rose, and hesitate to make  
a choice, strikes me as singular indeed."

"I do not hesitate, Annette," was the  
quiet reply.

"Have you then indeed, decided,  
Rose?"

"I have—and this conversation has  
caused me to decide; for, as it has pro-  
gressed, my mind has been enabled to  
see truly the real difference in the char-  
acter of my suitors."

"You have, then, decided in favor of  
Mr. Gray?"



rejoined her friend, "that the impression made upon society by Mr. Gray is either a false or disgraceful one?"

"I should be sorry to make that assertion, for I do not believe such to be the case," Rose replied. "What I mean is, that I can read Mr. Hambleton's true character, and know it to be based upon fixed and high-toned principles. These can never make the woman who truly loves him unhappy. They give place to no moral contingencies, by which hopes are so often wrecked, and hearts broken. Now, in regard to Mr. Gray, there is nothing in his character, so far as I can read it, upon which to predicate safe calculations of this kind. He is intelligent, and highly interesting as a companion. His personal appearance, and his address, are attractive. But all below the exterior, is hidden. The moral qualities of the man never show themselves. I feel that to give my heart to such a one would be risking too much. Of course, I must decline his offer."

"Indeed, indeed, Rose, I think you are very foolish."

"Time will show, Annette."

"Yes, time will show," was the prophetic response.

And time did show that Rose made a right choice, when she accepted the offer of James Hambleton and gave him, with her hand, a warm, true heart.

## By the Mills.

**DISAGREEABLE PREDICAMENT.**—On Wednesday night, a fellow somewhere about Front street, attempted to break into a house by crawling down the chimney. He got in easy enough, but when he had started down he became wedged so fast that he could neither "go ahead" or "back out"—there he stuck, and was compelled to hallo most lustily for help, which soon came. A rope was thrown him, but he was so closely hugged in the "dark embrace," that rope power would not budge him; it was therefore necessary to cut out the chimney wall nearly his entire length before he was released. We think this chimney should be repaired and purchased by the City Council, it is decidedly the most successful rogue-catcher we know of for the opportunity it has had.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

**EFFECTS OF LIGHTNING.**—We learn by the Barre Gazette, that the house of Mr. John Sherman, of that town, was struck by lightning—the fluid descending one of the chimneys and completely demolishing it as low as the second story, where it divided and spread itself in every direction, making almost entire wreck of the building from ridge-pole to foundation.

"But the most singular effect remains untold. A portion of the fluid, leaving the chimney near the lower floor passed about six or eight feet to the foot of a bed occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Sherman. It passed from the foot to the head of the bed, making its course on the tick and sheet, directly between the two, and thence through the bolster, feather and straw beds into the ceiling. The limbs and bodies of both Mr. and Mrs. S. were scorched as if with a hot iron, and the hair on both their heads singed and burnt as if by a blaze! Mrs. S. was awakened by a pain resembling cramp in the limbs, and herself awakened her husband, which the electric stroke had failed to do.—Both felt some sensations of pain for a little time, but suffered no further inconvenience. Neither of them heard the report or knew the cause until told by the rest of the family who had been aroused or were awake. There were several other persons in the house, who sustained no injury. Those who have imagined there was protection in a feather bed will have their faith somewhat shaken by the experience of Mr. Sherman and his wife."—Hampden Post.

**FITCHBURG RAILROAD.**—We learn from an unquestionable authority that this new and important line of railway, destined within a few months to connect Boston with Waltham, Concord, Groton, Lancaster, Fitchburg, and eventually with Keene, Southern Vermont and Lake Champlain, is progressing in the most satisfactory manner.

The subscription to the capital stock has been increased to \$660,000. The first assessment of \$10 per share was laid payable on May 25th last, and more than nine-tenths has been paid in with remarkable promptitude, while a large number of shareholders have preferred to pay in the entire amount in anticipation of assessments.

The first 27 1/2 miles, extending from Fresh Pond to Groton, have been contracted for, by Messrs Belknap, Gilmore & Co., who built the entire railroad from Portsmouth to Portland, and have taken his contract at rates at least 30 per cent below those paid on the Providence, Worcester and Lowell Railroads.

Seven hundred laborers are now engaged on the line. Five hundred tons of iron have been ordered by the Acadia, and we learn that the line will be opened to Waltham in September, in about four months after the commencement of operations.

The Directors of this Company, aware of the great expense and inconvenience incurred by other companies in consequence of not having provided ample depot room, have secured the entire frontage on the harbor, extending about half a mile from Warren to Prison Point Bridge, at very reasonable prices.

Boston Courier.

The influenza is very prevalent in New York and Philadelphia.

**WHIG STATE CONVENTION IN GEORGIA.**—A Convention to nominate a Governor was in session at Milledgeville on the 21st, composed of 260 delegates, the largest number ever before assembled, and comprising more talent, integrity and worth, than ever before assembled in the State House.

The Hon. J. McPherson Berrien was President, and the proceedings of the meeting were in the best spirit.

The Convention on the 22d nominated the Hon. George W. Crawford, of Richmond, for Governor, and the Hon. Alexander H. Stevens, of Tallahassee, for member of Congress.

**YUCATAN EVACUATED.**—The schooner Dover reached New Orleans on the 15th, with Sisal dates to the 10th—several days later. The war has closed; the Mexican troops had evacuated the eminence near Campeachy, and were to leave Sisal and Telchac as soon as they could procure transports to convey them to Laguna or Tampico. They tried to get the schooners Dover, Cottage, Magistrate and Frederick, but failed. The Yucatecos had retired from their forts and dismantled their guns.

Commodore Moore was to sail shortly with the Texan fleet for New Orleans or Galveston.

**Dreadful Storm—Destruction of the Miller Tent.**—One of the heaviest storms we remember to have seen, occurred this day about 11 o'clock, A. M. The rain poured down with a force & impetuosity that baffles description, and seemed one dense mass of water dashing from the heavens to the earth.

The imposing tent erected by the Millerites has suffered from its effects. The Rev. Mr. Himes was engaged in exhortation to not less than 500 persons, when the force of the wind and rain broke some of the fasts, and a scene of indescribable confusion ensued. The ladies, about 70 in number, were seated without bonnets when the ropes gave way, and bonnets, ladies, children, men, water, mud and wind were mixed up in most fearful confusion. Luckily, we hear there was no serious accident, though some of the ladies are severely bruised.

Rochester Evening Post of Saturday.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY, MASS.**—It is stated in the Greenfield Courier, that in Sunderland, Franklin County, a town containing between 700 and 800 inhabitants, every female who is old enough to write her name, has signed the total abstinence pledge. Every male but thirty has also signed the pledge.

**Exploit of a Provincetown Whaler.**—The schooner Cordelia, Capt. Ebenezer Cook, of Provincetown, a few days since, when 20 hours out on a whaling cruise, Nantucket bearing W. by N. 35 miles, captured a very large right whale, and after saving 120 bbls of oil and \$100 worth of bone, cut adrift and sailed for home, accomplishing a very short but profitable voyage, having been absent but 4 days! This whale is the largest that has ever been caught from Provincetown, and is supposed to be the largest ever seen upon our coast.

Boston Daily Advertiser.

**Sudden Death.**—The Bay State Democrat of last evening announces the death on Sunday morning, of the Rev. David Damon, pastor of the Unitarian Society at West Cambridge. He was engaged at Reading on Friday afternoon last, in preaching a funeral sermon, when he was attacked with a fit of apoplexy, which has thus proved fatal. A short time since, while delivering an address at the consecration of a rural cemetery at West Cambridge, he made the remark, that possibly he should be the first to repose in death beneath its shades; and the words of the speaker have literally proved true!

**IMPORTANT DECISION.**—The last Alton (Illinois) Telegraph says:—"The Circuit Court of the U. S. for this district, decided last week in a case brought before the Court, that the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States only settled the question that the two thirds or valuation law of Illinois was unconstitutional when applied to the foreclosure of mortgages; and that upon all judgments at law, where the contract or cause of action accrued prior to the first day of May, 1841, the valuation law was applicable and binding, and that sales upon execution must be made in accordance with its provisions. The attorney for the plaintiffs in this case has taken exceptions, and the case will go up to the Supreme Court of the United States, and in all probability be argued and decided at the next January term."

**Liability of Steamboat Owners.**—W. H. Kelly, in the Parish Court of New Orleans, received 2,500 of Benedict & Carter, for the loss of twelve horses, and injury to others, on board the steamer General Brown, from the explosion of her boilers just after leaving the town of St. Helena, on the Mississippi river, whence she was proceeding to New Orleans. The explosion resulted from the neglect to let off steam, while stopping at St. Helena. The defendants appealed from this verdict, but was affirmed by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, with costs.

**Death of a Judge.**—Judge John B. C. Lucas, late judge of the United States territorial court of Missouri, died in St. Louis on the 31st ultimo, at an advanced age.

## AFFAIRS IN FLORIDA.

The editor of the Savannah Republican who has lately returned from a visit to this territory, thinks that there will be no more hostilities there. The number of Indian warriors now in Florida is estimated at 68. The whole number of men, women and children, is about 330. Negroes, not Indians, committed the late murder at Newmansville. Gen. Worth was to leave St. Augustine on the 25th inst. in the steamer Col. Harvey, for Tampa, to hold a conference with some of San Juan's party, ten or a dozen of whom, were there at the last advice. The Chief himself, will not be present, though he desired it. Gen. Worth has not given permission to this effect, as he prefers to have him remain with his people, on account of the favorable influence which he exerts over them.

## LATEST FROM MEXICO.

By the brig Petersburg, Capt. Larkin, we have Vera Cruz papers to the 4th inst., and City of Mexico to the 29th ult.

The Petersburg brings \$22,303 in specie, and 199 doubloons.

The news of the conclusion of hostilities in Yucatan had not reached Mexico. There was an evident apprehension that the expedition would prove a failure.

The 3000 or 4000 Indians who besieged Puebla early in May, and then retired, being unable to capture the place for want of artillery, proceeded, it appears, to the neighborhood of Chilapa. Under date of May 17th, Nicholas Bravo writes to the War department from Bravo, stating the fact of the proximity of said Indians, and adding that unless troops should be sent by the government, those places could not be defended. Bravo had but 200 men, and most of these were recruits. The object of the Indians was not planter, but the accomplishment of a political object. They go for federalism, in opposition to centralism and despotism.

A spirited discussion was going on in the Mexican capital, on the question of an arrangement with Texas on the plan of a qualified independence on the part of the latter, with a provincial legislature &c., agreeably to the propositions conveyed to Texas for consideration by Judge Robinson, one of the Bexar prisoners, who was released for the purpose.

The last number of the Estandarte which has reached us (May 29th) is entirely blank except about a column, which is occupied with an account of the repeated visits of the government officers to the office of that paper in search of Vicente Garcia Torres, who we presume to be the principal editor. He however absented himself, and at the latest dates had not been taken. We suppose that similar measures were pursued in regard to the Siglo, in short, the government, unable to resist argument by has resorted to force, and thus outraged the liberty of the press.

The disturbances in Michoacan had been terminated, for the present, by the capture of the ringleaders.

**Mexico, May 27.**—By letters from various departments, and even by official communications, the supreme government is apprised that the seditious of this capital, by means of handbills and letters, are diffusing revolutionary sentiments among those like minded with themselves, who unfortunately are not wanting in some places.—N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

**Later from Tampico.**—A private letter from Tampico, dated the 2d instant, contains the following information:—

Business here is as dull as usual, but we have lately had some ten or twelve arrivals from Europe of vessels laden with merchandise. This will probably give some animation to commerce.

Fifteen hundred men, forming part of the troops who capitulated in Yucatan, landed here yesterday.

The seat of government of this department is about being removed to Tampico. This will greatly augment the importance and add to the population of our town.

The scur Virginia Antoinette, Captain Delville, arrived here from New Orleans in five days, but did not succeed in passing the bar till yesterday.—N. O. Bee.

**A Shocking Case.**—The Philadelpia Ledger says that the dead body of a girl, about sixteen years old, was last week found buried in a wood about three miles from Quakertown; and from the statement of a boy who lived in the family, it appears that the girl was cruelly beaten by the man and his wife with whom she lived, her back was broken with the tongue, and her body hid in the oats crib or barn. The affair has created a sensation among the residents of the neighborhood, and a thorough investigation of the matter is to be had. That the girl was severely whipped, the immediate neighbors testify; that she was missing is equally true; and from the fact that a body was found answering her identity, there is much reason to fear that her end was a tragical one.

**Serious Accident from playing with Firearms.**—On Saturday last three lads were injured by the accidental explosion of the contents of a powder-flask, from which they were attempting to reload a gun, near Northey street, in this city.—The face of one of the boys was so much burnt that it is feared his eyesight will be seriously affected. One of his thumbs was severely lacerated. His companions were hurt but not dangerously. This is another warning to boys against the perilous, but too common practice of playing with gunpowder and firearms. Accidents and evils are constantly occurring from this source.—Salem Gas.

## JESUIT'S COLLEGE, WORCESTER, MASS.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone of this College took place on Wednesday the 21st ult. A large number of the friends of the institution were present on the occasion. The procession was large and imposing. At its head were the girls and boys of the School of St. James, then followed the women and men of the Irish Washingtonian Society, with showy badges, and then the clerical part of the procession. "First came three boys, dressed in red stuff tunics, with white muslin over garments with flowing sleeves, their heads uncovered, the one in the centre bearing a crucifix, and the others consecrated candles. Then followed the Right Rev. Bishop Fenwick, Bishop of Boston, in his full canonicals; the heavy mitre, purple robes, and flowing surplice. Then 15 priests and choristers, and as many boys dressed as those described above."

The corner stone was placed by the Bishop and sprinkled by him with holy water. The ceremonies were performed with solemnity and effect, and a very able address was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Picce.

**Death of Mr. Legare.**—An order from the navy department, dated June 22, 1843, directs that the following ceremonies be observed, as a mark of respect for the talents and distinguished public services of the late Mr. Legare, on the day after the receipt of the order, at all navy yards and naval stations, and on board every vessel of war of the United States navy in commission:—The flag to be hoisted at half-mast from sunrise until sunset; seventeen minute guns to be fired, commencing at noon; all officers of the navy and marine corps to wear crapes on the left arm for thirty days.

**MUTINY ON BOARD THE WHALESHIP SHARON.**—A letter published in the New Bedford Mercury gives some particulars of this calamity. It appears that Capt. Norris has taken some of the natives of the Ascension Islands, to make good deficiencies in his crew.

Some days after he sailed thence, (no dates are given) the boats were lowered in pursuit of whales, leaving Capt. Norris, a boy, and three natives on board to keep ship. A whale was struck and killed, and the boats had gone in pursuit of others, when the signals of the ship were discovered to be set at half-mast.—The boats immediately made for the ship, and on approaching her learned from the boy, who was aloft, that the natives had murdered the captain. Attempts were made by the boats' crew to board the ship, but they were repelled by the natives, who had armed themselves with cutting spades. The ship in the meantime was before the wind, and the boats had great difficulty in keeping up with her. The boy, who still continued aloft, was ordered by the mate to cut away the halliards of the topsails, jib, &c., and to cut the topsails clear of the yards, which he did by passing from one mast to the other on the stays; and in the evening, the boats came up to the ship, when the second mate, giving his crew instructions to board the ship when they heard the report of a musket, got overboard and swam to her, and climbing up the rudder succeeded in getting in the cabin through the window. He then loaded some muskets, and was arming himself, when one of the natives came down, armed with a cutlass. A severe contest ensued, and the native getting the worst ran upon deck, when another came down whom the second mate shot dead. At the report of the musket, the boat's crew rushed on board, and found one of the natives armed with a cutlass and knife, who making resistance, was shot. The other concealed himself and was not found until the next day, when he was put in irons, and carried into Sydney, where the Sharon arrived in January last.

**DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.**—On Saturday afternoon, between 4 and 5 o'clock, a fire broke out in the steam plaining shop of the Messrs Washburn, situated on the corner of Causeway and Lancaster streets, which rapidly extended to the adjoining wooden buildings and down Causeway street, and on both sides of Lancaster street, occupied some six or eight carpenters, and two or three dwelling houses, under which were two small grocery stores, on Lancaster st., and notwithstanding the best exertions of the fire department, all were consumed, together with a large amount of lumber, tools, &c.; indeed, so rapid was the progress of the fire that several of the workmen were seen to jump from the second story of the building in which it originated, through the flames, with their tools in their hands. The members of engine company No. 6 had planted their engine close to the shop of the Messrs Washburn, and while they were working hard at the brakes the flames suddenly burst through the side of the building with great fury, and compelled them to make a hasty retreat to preserve their lives, leaving their engine behind them, which soon fell a prey to the devouring element. As the wind blew fresh from the south, the warehouse of Henry N. Hooper & Co., and the church and other brick buildings on the opposite side of Causeway street were only saved by the extraordinary zeal manifested by the firemen. We were unable to ascertain the full amount of loss caused by this conflagration, but we regret to say, it will fall heavily upon several worthy mechanics.—Boston Post.

Several mad dogs have been killed in New York.

## THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

### NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1843.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

JUNE SESSION.

The General Assembly of this State closed its June session in this town on Saturday afternoon, and adjourned to meet at South Kingston on the last Monday of October next. The following is a continuation of their proceedings from our last.

Saturday Morning, June 24.

**SENATE.**—The committee to whom was referred the bill relative to the Supreme Court and Courts of Common Pleas, made report, and the bill was concurred in with some amendments.

A message was received from the House, to regulate the militia, which was taken up and considered.

On motion of Mr. E. R. Potter, the bill was laid on the table for the present. Sundry bills were received from the House.

The bill from the House dividing the State into Congressional Districts.

On motion of Mr. Eaton, the Senate was called, and the vote resulted as follows:—Ayes, 20.—Noes, 7.

Mr. E. R. Potter called up the bill relative to the Agricultural Bank.

The bill was passed, and L. H. Arnold, T. Whipple, and E. Barber were appointed commissioners.

The act relative to married women disposing of their right of dower, was passed.

Mr. Lawton offered a resolution removing the commissioners of the Seignior Bank, (S. Y. Atwell and T. W. Dorr,) and appointing James Y. Smith, Wm. Peckham, and Richard K. Randolph, which was adopted.

Mr. A. Potter moved to postpone the militia bill to the next session.

Mr. A. C. Greene opposed the postponement, and the bill was not postponed.

Mr. Ballou was opposed to the bill, and wished the Senate called upon its passage.

Whereupon the Senate was called, and the bill passed, as follows.—Ayes.—17. Noes.—9.

Mr. E. R. Potter, from the Committee on the Finances of the State, made a report with a resolution, which was adopted.

Accompanying the report, was a resolution, which passed the Senate, appropriating \$10,000 of the deposit fund, to supply the present wants of the treasury.

On motion, the Senate adjourned to half-past two o'clock, p. m.

**HOUSE.**—The House met at 8 o'clock. The prayer of the petition of Wakefield Cadeis for an act of appropriation, was granted.

The act dividing the State into election districts for the election of Representatives to Congress, was then taken up, and the House called upon its passage as follows:—Ayes 39.—Noes 18.

The abstract of the public school returns was received and accepted.

An act providing for building and repairing school houses in Tiverton, was passed.

An act in amendment of the act relative to public schools, was sent down from the Senate and concurred in.

Resolutions were passed appropriating the salaries of the Governor and Lt. Governor, and appointing a committee to repair the State House in the county of Washington.

An act in relation to dower was passed.

The resolutions directing the commissioners on claims, to make out a schedule of the amount of insurrectionary expenses, with the view of presenting it to Congress for allowance, were taken up and passed.—Gen. Carrington, was added to the committee.

An act appointing Lemuel H. Arnold, Edward Barber and Thomas Whipple, commissioners upon the R. I. Agricultural Bank, was passed.

The act in amendment of an act relating to theatrical exhibitions, was taken up and passed.

The act in amendment of the hawking and peddling act, which was aimed particularly at tin peddlers, was called up by Mr. O. Potter.

The bill was debated around the House pretty generally; there being a scarcity of other business. It was opposed because it was aimed at one particular class of peddlers and not the whole. As soon as other business came from the Senate, the bill was postponed.

A resolution providing for the wants of the treasury, and an act appointing new commissioners on the Seignior Bank, and removing the old ones, were sent down from the Senate and passed.

The militia bill came back from the Senate concurred in, with a few trifling amendments, which were concurred in. The House then adjourned.

Saturday Afternoon.

**SENATE.**—The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Greene, of Providence, called up the act passed this morning, removing the commissioners of the Seignior Bank. He stated that he had seen one of the commissioners, and that the commissioners were now ready to report.

After some conversation the matter was dropped.

A resolution from the House allowing six hundred dollars to Lemuel H. Arnold, for services as councillor for the past year, was concurred in, with an amendment.

(The amendment provides for five hundred dollars instead of six.)

The petition of the Wakefield Cadeis for an appropriation, was taken up and postponed to the next session.

Mr. Francis moved a resolution to provide for the discontinuance of the indictments under the law relating to offences against the sovereign power of the State, (The resolution authorizes the Attorney General, under the advice of his Excellency the Governor, to not. pros. the indictments, on such conditions as he may deem proper.)

Mr. Potter, of South Kingstown, introduced a resolution authorizing Justices who had not made their returns to make the same within thirty days from the rising of the General Assembly, which was adopted.

A message was received from the House inviting the Senate to join for the purpose of completing the election.

Whereupon the Senate joined.

After the Senate returned a resolution was passed directing the commissioners of the public deposits to pay the amount on hand into the General Treasury.

Mr. Francis introduced a bill relative to the return of votes for members of Congress, which was passed.

A message was received from the House, announcing that they had completed their business, and had passed a resolution adjourning to the last Monday in October next, then to convene in the State House in South Kingstown.

Whereupon the Senate concurred, and the Governor announced that the General Assembly adjourned to the time and place above mentioned.

**HOUSE.**—The House met at three o'clock.

A resolution directing the distribution of the militia law, was read and passed. The two Houses then met for the purpose of completing the election.

George A. Brayton, of Warwick, was elected associate justice of the Supreme Court.

## COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS.

Newport—Joseph Childs, Joseph T. Perry.

Providence—Josiah Westcott, Daniel Howard.

Washington—George D. Cross, Robert Gardner.

Bristol—Ephraim Gifford, Stephen Mason.

Kent—Robert Hazard, Samuel Gibbs.

## JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Newport—J. C. Shaw, D. C. Denham, Erasmus P. Allan, William Gilpin, William M. Allison, Benjamin B. Howland.

Charlestown—Joshua Clark, Joseph H. Griffin, Caleb Kenyon, John W. Tucker, Marlborough H. Gardner.

Middleton—Joshua Coggeshall, John Gould, Felix Peckham, Jr., James M. Smith, James Chase, 3d.

Westerly—Jedediah W. Knight, Nathan F. Dixon, John H. Cross, Sanford Noyes, Jr. Paul Babcock, Jr.

North Kingstown—Sylvester G. Sherman, Wm. N. Sherman, Peter Phillips, Benjamin Lawton, Albert Sandford, Wm. Hammond.

West Greenwich—Benjamin R. Hoxie, Smithfield—Sessions Mowry, Simon A. Sayles, Spencer Mowry, Obed Paine, Richard S. Scott, George Aldrich, 2d, James T. Harkness, George F. Jenckes, Palemon Walcott, Wm. P. Stoere, Ethan Harris, Samuel Greene.

Glocester—Abram Baker, Leonard W. Williams, Anson Smith, Horatio N. Cooke, Joseph Winsor.

Bristol—Wm. P. Munro, Wm. C. Van Dorr, Nathaniel Bullock John Peckham, Jr., Samuel Bradford, George M. Coit, Joseph C. Pearce, Wm. Throop, Bennett J. Munro.

Little Compton—George C. Bailey, Otis Wilbur, Oliver C. Brownell, Joseph Gifford.

Cumberland—Christ'r Robinson, Ariel Cooke, Alfred Arnold, Olney Scott, Abner Jilson, Willard Penno.

Cranston—Richard Greene.

## PUBLIC NOTARIES.

Providence—Joseph S. Pitman, Geo. L. Barnes, Job Carpenter, Abraham Payne.

Bristol—Wm. Throop.

Washington—John J. Reynolds, Horatio D. Reynolds, George L. Hazard.

Inspector of Lime—Jesse Hutchinson, jun.

## MILITARY OFFICERS.

James G. Anthony, major-general. John A. Hazard, brig. gen. 1st brigade. Leonard Blodget, do. 2d do.

John B. Steadman, jr. do. 3d do. William Harris, do. 4th do.

Guy M. Fessenden, do. 5th do. Elisha Dyer, jr., adjutant general.

Samuel Ames, quartermaster general. Charles Lawton, commissary general.

Amos D. Smith, paymaster general. Richmond Brownell, surgeon general.

Enoch Hazard, purveyor general. Henry B. Anthony, division inspector.

John Vars, brig. insp. 1st brigade. Moses B. Lockwood, do. 2d do.

James B. M. Potter, do. 2d do. Joseph James, do. 4th do.

James D'Wolf Perry, do. 5th do. Geo. B. Knowles, brig. q'mr. 1st brigade.

William H. Potter, do. 2d do. Abiel Sherman, do. 3d do.

Wm. D. Brayton, do. 4th do. Henry Smith, do. 5th do.

The Grand Committee then rose.

The concurrences from the Senate were then read, and their amendments to the election law agreed to.

A resolution authorizing the Attorney General, under the advice and direction of the Governor, to discontinue any indictment against any person for offences against the sovereign power of the State, upon such conditions as they might think



proper, was sent down from Senate and concurred in.

An act authorizing the Governor to issue commissions to justices of the peace elected by the people, who either have made their returns, or shall make them within thirty days, was sent down from the Senate, and concurred in.

An act providing for the return of the votes, and counting and declaring the result in the election of Representatives to Congress by districts, was sent down from the Senate and concurred in.

The General Assembly then adjourned till the last Monday in October next, then to meet at South Kingstown.

#### MILITIA LAW.

The law passed at the late session of the General Assembly, which makes an entire change in the Militia system of this State, is published in an Extra and will be furnished to our subscribers this day.

The warmest day.—The thermometer yesterday at 2 o'clock, stood at 86 degrees.

**DISTRICTING.**—The bill passed by the General Assembly, divides the State into two Congressional districts, to be called the Eastern and Western. The Eastern District comprises the towns of Newport, Middletown, Portsmouth, Tiverton, Little Compton, Bristol, Warren, Barrington, North Providence, Smithfield, Cumberland, and the city of Providence. The Western District comprises the towns of Burrillville, Glocester, Situate, Foster, Johnston, Cranston, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, Warwick, Coventry, North Kingstown, South Kingstown, Exeter, Richmond, Hopkinton, Charlestown, Westerly, Jamestown, and New Shoreham.

A letter from Portland to the editor of the Boston Atlas, states that Brig. Gen. Eustis of the U. S. Army, died in that city on the morning of the 27th ult.—after a short and severe illness.

**Never marry in fun.**—A poor fellow named Wise, in Clearfield county, Pa., has got himself into a very foolish matrimonial difficulty. He attended a Militia training, and at a "kissing party," he was married "in fun" to an interesting lady named Martha Stago. After the party, Mr. Wise thought that Miss Martha had no further claims upon him, but she thought otherwise, and has instituted proceedings against him to make him acknowledge her as his lawful wife!

**Fire and loss of life.**—The dwelling house of Mr. Isaac Coon, in Independence, Oakland County, Michigan, was destroyed by fire on the 10th ult., and his mother aged 80, and his daughter aged 1 1/2 years perished in the flames. Mr. Coon and his wife were absent attending meeting, and it is supposed that the old lady and child were asleep when the fire took.

**Another Defaulter.**—A floor house in Broad street, N. Y., have had a clerk in their employ for nine years, and so implicit has been the confidence they have placed in him that they have lately suffered him to draw checks on the bank in their name, as funds were required for the use of the house. Recently, having occasion to examine their accounts minutely, they discovered that their confidential clerk had drawn, within nine months, checks for his own benefit to the amount of about ten thousand dollars—He was immediately arrested, and made a full confession of his iniquity, stating he had lost it all in gambling and speculating in lottery tickets.

**THE SEVEN MILLION LOAN.**—The U. S. loan of seven millions, at five per cent., has all been taken on home account. John Ward & Co. took six and a half millions, at a fraction over 101. The other half million was taken a little higher. Offers were made for \$12,000,000 more at a premium of one per cent.

**Love, murder, and suicide.**—The Cincinnati Sun, tells of a German, living over the canal, near that place, who a few days ago attempted to kill a young woman whom he brought to this country some years ago with the intention of marrying. It appears they were to have been married, but on the day before she told him that she had concluded to marry a man named Myers, who was in better circumstances. This so enraged him that he drew a knife and stabbed her several times in the neck and arm. He then ran into the street and stabbed himself in several places, but was finally seized by the police. Neither will die of the wounds.

**CAPITAL TRIAL.**—The trial of Platt for the murder of Handing, was at the last accounts progressing, at Augusta, Geo. The Chronicle states that upwards of fifty witnesses have been subpoenaed in the case. Some idea may be formed of the feeling which his triers has excited in that place, when the fact is known that the number of jurors sounded, was 343; of which, had "formed and expressed opinions," 307; challenged by the prisoner, 13; by the State 10; sworn 12; pronounced incompetent by the Court, 1; by the triers, 1.

**THE SECRETARY OF STATE.**—The Madisonian of Saturday evening contains the official announcement of the appointment of the Hon. Abel P. Upshur to the post of Secretary of State ad interim.

Rumor in Philadelphia says that the Navy Department has been tendered to Captain Robert F. Stockton, of the United States Navy.

The N. Y. Washingtonian Convention assembled at Utica on Thursday, 200 delegates being present from 25 counties. Dr. Henderson of the Navy, and D. S. Hughes of the Army, were present. Moral sunsion, by precept and example, and the social efforts of all moral agents in the community, to cure as well as prevent intemperance, should, in the opinion of the Convention, be the object of all Washingtonians. Party or sectarian movements were denounced by the Convention. A State Central Committee was appointed, and the next Convention is to be held at Syracuse in May, 1844.

**GREAT CRIME.**—John Riddle, a young man about twenty years of age, has been lodged in the Mt. Vernon (Ohio) jail charged with shooting his step mother, Mrs. Riddle, at Greenville, near Mt. Vernon. Mrs. Riddle died on the 2d inst., in consequence of the wound received. It is stated that young Riddle had been on bad terms with his father and step mother for the last two years, and that during that period he had frequently threatened to kill the latter.

**The Buttonwoods.**—A correspondent of the Boston Atlas in alluding to the general destruction of the Buttonwoods in New England, recommends the Atlas-tree to replace the Buttonwood. It has been introduced into New York of late years. It is said to be a fine shade tree, grows fast, is hardy, and stands the winter well—the leaf is somewhat like the English walnut, and in August the large red branches of seeds make a beautiful appearance. These seeds, it is added, can be got by the bushel, in September, from trees in the city of New York.

The Goshen, N. Y., Democrat states that the butter market has, during this season, been very much depressed, and instead of improving as was hoped, it is rather growing worse. Very choice lots of this article are now taken from Dutchess Co., and sold for 9 cents per pound.

#### Fourth of July.

The Committee appointed to make arrangements for the celebration of the sixty-seventh Anniversary of the declaration of Independence present the following

##### Order of Arrangements.

The Artillery Company, Col. Swan, will fire the usual salute, at noon.

The bells of the several Churches, State House, and Town Hall, will be rung at sunrise, when the Procession moves, at noon, and at sunset.

A Procession will be formed, in front of the State house, at 9 A. M., by the Chief Marshal of the day, in the following order:—

##### MILITARY ESCORT.

Under the command of Col. SWAN, Newport Artillery.

Rhode Island Horse Guards, Capt. Greene, Newport Artillery, Lieut. Col. Coggeshall, Chief Marshal.

Committee of Arrangements.

Orator, Reader, and Clergyman of the day.

Reverend Clergy.

Town Council, preceded by the Town Sergeant.

Town Clerk, Treasurer, and Overseer of the Poor.

Justices of the Police Court.

Commissioners of the Asylum.

Public School Committee.

Marshal.

Washingtonian Temperance Society.

Martha Washington Temperance Society.

Catholic Temperance Society.

Cold Water Army.

Members of the State Senate and House of Representatives.

Sheriff of the county of Newport.

Judges of the State Courts and Clerks.

Surviving officers and soldiers of the Revolution.

Surviving officers of the Battle of Lake Erie.

Officers of the U. S. Army and Navy.

Officers of the Custom House and Post-Office.

Officers of the Revenue Service.

Militia officers—General, Regimental, and Staff.

Association of Mechanics and Manufacturers.

Marine Society.

Citizens and Strangers.

Marshal.

The procession will move from the State House down Washington square, up the South side of the Mall, down Spring and Franklin streets, and up Thames street to the North Baptist Church.

**Order of Exercises in the Church.**

Voluntary on the organ—by Prof. Taylor.

Prayer, by the Choir—"Daughter of Zion!"

Prayer, by Rev. Mr. Leaver.

Ode—"God save America."

Reading of the Declaration of Independence by Wm. H. Cranston, Esq.

Anthem—"Sons and Daughters of the Pilgrims."

Oration—by Rev. Mr. Thayer.

Psalm—"Old Hundred."

Benediction.

At the close of the services the procession will be again formed in the same order, and will move through Farewell to Broad street and the Parade, where it will be dismissed.

The seats in the Galleries, not occupied by the choir, will be reserved for the ladies, and the house opened for their reception at 8 1/2 o'clock.

The different bodies, invited to join in the Procession, are requested to be in front of the State House, punctually at 9 o'clock A. M.

The Committee respectfully request, that all obstructions, in the streets through which the procession moves, may be removed at an early hour.

Other persons not specially invited, to whom invitations are accidentally omitted, are respectfully invited to join with the citizens of this town in celebrating the day.

Wm. B. SWAN, Chairman.

Wm. GILPIN, Secretary.

**BRIGHTON MARKET.** Monday, June 26. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

At Market, 300 Beef Cattle, 12 pairs of Working Oxen, 15 Cows and Calves, 1500 Sheep, and 300 Swine. 80 Beef Cattle unsold. **Pigs.**—Beef Cattle.—We quote a few extra 5 25—first quality \$4 75 a 5; second quality \$4 25 a 4 50; third quality, a \$3 75 a 4 25. **Working Oxen.**—Sales at \$65, 70, and \$78. **Cows and Calves.**—Sales at \$18, 22, 25 and 28. **Sheep.**—Lots were sold from 1 50, to 2 50. **Swine.**—A few small lots were sold at 1 4c for sows, and 5c for Barrows; a lot to close at 4c At retail from 4 to 5 1/2c.

#### MARRIED.

In this town, on the 18th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Smith, Mr. Samuel Chambers, of Providence, to Mrs. Eliza Lawton.

On Tuesday morning last, in Trinity Church, by the Rev. Francis Vinton, Lieut. L. G. Arnold, of 2d Artillery, to Miss Julia Vurdock, daughter of Capt. Allen Lowd, of U. S. Army.

In Bristol, on the 19th inst. Rev. Mark A. D'W Howe, of Roxbury, Mass., to Miss Elizabeth S. Marshall, of Bristol.

In Providence, on the 21st inst., Capt. Til. lingshat Wilbour, to Miss Joanna Woodward, both of Providence.

At Stonington, on the 28th inst. by the Rev. Mark Tucker, Nathan F. Dixon, Esq. of Westerly, to Miss Harriet P. Swan, of Stonington.

#### DIED.

At the Newport Asylum on Saturday last, Mr. Nathaniel Neal, aged about 62 years.

At Middletown, on Sunday last, Mrs. Elizabeth Durfee, wife of Mr. Oliver Durfee, in the 62d year of her age.

In Providence, on the 20th inst. Mary, daughter of the late Col. C. Olney, in the 64th year of her age.

In Warwick, 13th inst. Mrs. Louisa, wife of Mr. Emerson Whipple, and daughter of Wm. Stone, in the 25th year of her age.

#### MERCURY MARINE LIST.

Port of Newport.

#### ARRIVED.

**SATURDAY, June 24.**

Sch'r's Albert Rogers, Lamphero, from New York for Marthas Vineyard; Olympus, Saterlee, for Kingston for Providence; Daniel Baker, Baker, for Philadelphia for do; Amos Birdsall, Birdsall, for do; Amanda, Osborn, for Fall River for New York; Union, of and from Pawtucket for do.

Sloops Heroine, Baker, for New York for Boston; Meridian, Lewis, for Fall River for New York; Planter, of Chatham, for Kingston for Bristol.

**SUNDAY, June 25.**

Sch'r's Zulueta, Cadworth, for Edenton, N.C.; Mary Frances, Barnes, for Hingham; Osolia, Holt, 9 days for Savannah for Providence—on the 18th inst. lat 34 30, lon 74, experienced a severe gale from the NE to SSE, shifted deck load &c.; Cravena, Godfrey, from Taunton for Philadelphia; William Russell, Keene, for Philadelphia for Boston; Smith & Darling, for Pawtucket for New York; Virginia, Caruthers, for Prov. for do; Geo. Pollok, Casey, for Boston for Newbern; John Clarke, Collins, for Pawtucket for Philadelphia.

Sloops George & Henry, Barlow, for Wareham for New York; Glide, Phillips, for Taunton for do; Amity, Ash, for Noman's Land for Providence.

**MONDAY, June 26.**

Sch'r's Atlantic, Wearo, for Bangor for Somerset; Durac, Baker, for Danvers; Coral, Blanchard, for Bangor; Massachusetts, Brown, for Albany for Fall River.

Sloop Hudson, Winslow, from N. Bedford, Sailed—Sch'r's David Belknap, Wave, James Barbour, Superior, Squire & Brothers, Ann Elizabeth, Bella del Mar, and Palestine for Philadelphia; Candace, Baltimore; Lewis Spicer, Rappahannock; Time, Virginia; Sarah, Norfolk; Union, Amanda, and Oregon, New York; Albert Rogers, Vineyard Sound.

**TUESDAY, June 27.**

Brig Wankinco, Atkins, from Fall River for Baltimore.

Sch'r's Leo Rogers, for Bangor.

Sloops Yantic, Stewart, from Fall River for New York; Rienti, Durfee, for N. York.

Rev. Cutter Jackson, Conner, for a cruise.

**WEDNESDAY, June 28.**

Sch'r's Glide, Greely, from Providence for Cape May; Post Boy, Sprague, for Boston for Baltimore.

Sloops Excel, Danning, for Fall River for New York; Admiral, Taylor, for Providence for Haddam; Traveller, Howard, for Providence for Wareham; James Franklin, Benjamin, for Southampton for Bass River; John Francis, Robinson, for New York.

**THURSDAY, June 29.**

Barque Athalia, 27 days from N. Orleans for Providence.

Sch'r's Emperor, Thores, from Taunton for Philadelphia; America, Somers, for Fall River for do; James and Samuel, Somers, for do for do; Galea, Leeds, for Providence for do; Atlas, Swan, for do for do; Silva Higby, Higby, for Warren for do.

Sloop Henry Gibbs, Gibbs, for Fall River for Hartford.

**FRIDAY, June 30.**

Bark Highlander, Mayberry, 27 days from N. Orleans for Providence.

Sch'r's Thomas Hooper, Mayo, from Baltimore; Maria, for Providence for Boston; Export, Gardner, for Charleston S. C.

**MARINE MEMORANDA.**

At City Point, Va., 13th inst., Ship Monticello, Lawton, wtg freight.

Spoken (no date), lat 30, lon 74, Sch'r Cal. lao, Swasey, from Charleston for New Orleans.

Cld at Charleston, 17th, Brig Henry, Burt, for Baltimore—22d, Sch'r Export, Gardner, Newport.

At Port Leon, 10th, Sch'r Van Buren, Babcock Idg for Boston.

Arr at Charleston, 19th, Brig Anawon, Swasey, from Fall River via this port—23d, Sch'r. lo, Austin do.

Cld at Wilmington, N. C. 20th, Sch'r's Blossom, and Globe for this port.

Arr at New York, 20th, Sch'r's Volusia, Clarke, from Swansboro', N. C.

At Havana, 13th, Brig Poland, Smith, from Savannah, unc—Sch'r Hannah, Woodman, dieg.

Cld at Philadelphia, 26d, Sch'r Convert, Gardner, for this port.

Arrived at Savannah, 13th, Sch'r Caroline, Swasey, 5 days from Matanzas.

Arr at New York, 23d, Sch'r Virginia, Burroughs, 3 days from Baltimore; Warsaw, Burdick, 20 days from Apalachicola.

Towed to sea from New Orleans, 11th inst. ship Huntsville, Mumford, for New York.

**WHALES.**

Spoken, Nov. 27th, Ship Margaret, Whimpey, of this port with 450 bale of oil.

Brig Pocahontas, of Newport, 3 months out with 2 whales, was spoken June 24, lat 32 long 73 30.

#### Weekly Almanac.

1843.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon High
<b>JULY.</b>			
1 Saturday,	4 30	7 39	9 27 10 46
2 Sunday,	4 30	7 30	10 25 11 36
3 Monday,	4 30	7 30	10 54 12 25
4 Tuesday,	4 31	7 29	11 24 1 15
5 Wednesday,	4 31	7 29	11 58 2 7
6 Thursday,	4 32	7 28	morn. 3 2
7 Friday,	4 32	7 28	o 37 3 59

Moon's First quarter 4th day 2h 19m morning.

The Rev. Mr. Brooks having returned from Mobile, will preach to-morrow in the Church in Mill street.

Newport, July 1.

A Law and Order Caucus for the purpose of choosing delegates to attend the Convention to be held in Providence on the 12th of July next, to nominate a candidate to represent the Eastern District in the next Congress, will be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

July 1.

#### GREAT ZOOLOGICAL EXHIBITION.



Will arrive in NEWPORT on the 19th of July, and exhibit for 2 days, one of the most extensive collections of wild living Animals ever offered.

There is no subject that can be named in so few words, that embraces such an extent and variety of interesting and useful information as the natural history of the savage creatures of the forest and the desert. It includes within the range of its various objects, every thing that can invite the attention, or reward the enquiries of the natural philosopher, the student, or the casual wayfarer. It furnishes subjects for investigation, which have engaged the interest of the most gifted minds, during a period of more than four thousand years. It leads the mind back to the hour when the world was in its infancy, and extends down to the discoveries of the present day. In this interesting exhibition, the whole animal kingdom, in all the multiplicity and variety of its objects, possessing sufficient interest, is brought to the actual view of the spectator, in a perfection and beauty not elsewhere to be found.

Accompanying this is the celebrated Driesbach, the great Lion subduer and tamer, who will harness and drive a wild Lion on with ease and safety.

On the entrance of the town the cavalcade will be escorted by four prodigious Elephants in harness, drawing the Music Car containing the Band, affording a spectacle unparalleled perhaps in this, or any other Country in the nineteenth century.

Location for Pavilion on Barney st. on a grass plat beautifully adapted.

Admission only 25 cents.

Newport, July 1, 1843.—3w.

#### FALES CYPRIAN HAIR TONIC

For the Growth, Preservation and Restoration of the Hair.

No matter how bald a person may be, a growth of hair will be produced, and as naturally too as herbage grows on the plain, or the lily in the valley. This Tonic is warranted to cleanse the hair from Dandruff, and every other accumulating substance. Is your hair dry and falling off?—The Tonic will moisten and fix it firmly in the head. Is your hair thin or your head bald?—The Tonic is warranted to satisfy the largest desires in thickening the hair in the first case and covering the Bald Head with natural hair, in the second.

It is composed of these remedial agents that restore the skin at once to a sound and healthy condition, when thus restored, you will soon discover on the head, a short soft and beautiful growth of young hair, gradually increasing in length, till it becomes like your other hair was before you began to lose it.

**FALES' COUGH, WORM, HEADACHE and Diarrhea or Dysentery LOZENGES** are safe, certain and agreeable remedies for the diseases for which they are recommended.

Numerous, speedy and surprising cures have been effected by their use, hence their popularity.

**DYOTT'S ORACLE OF HEALTH.** (Philadelphia) Says that Fales' Medicated Lozenges are considered by those who have used them, to be far superior to Sherman's or any other introduced into that market.

The COUGH LOZENGES, are beneficial in all cases of common colds, hooping cough, asthmatic affections, inflammation of the throat and lungs; they are also particularly beneficial for the croup, and a very good substitute for the celebrated Hare Syrup, Cough Cakes, Quinsy Cordials, Pulmonary Balsams, &c.

The WORM LOZENGES, are a safe and sure remedy for Worms. Two or three is a dose for very small children, and five or six for larger ones.

The DYSENTERY LOZENGES, are a certain and agreeable remedy for Diarrhea, and Bowel Complaints of Children—Full directions as to diet and manner of taking them, accompany each box.

The HEADACHE OR CAMPHOR LOZENGES, are beneficial in cases of nervous headache in febrile affections of a typhus character. They are useful in Rheumatism and peripneumony; also in eruptive diseases, to favor the eruption or bring it back when it has suddenly receded from the skin, as sometimes happens in measles and small pox.

N. B. Be sure that J. J. FALES, M. D., Boston, is on the side of the Box that you buy.

For sale in Newport, at the Confectionary and Variety store of

T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

THE subscriber requests all persons having bills or unsettled accounts of any kind against the owners of brig Canonicus, TO PRESENT THE SAME IMMEDIATELY FOR SETTLEMENT.

July 1.] HENRY BULL.

#### Ice ! Ice !! Ice !!!

From Crown Pond Lake.

ON hand and for sale by the subscriber, a quantity of Pure Ice.—Those in want can be supplied on reasonable terms for the season, by leaving their orders at the Confectionary and Variety Store, corner of Frank & Thames streets, or at the Cottage, near the Beach.

T. STACY, Jr.

Newport, July 1, 1843.

**WANTED.**—At all times, Rhode Island Corn, and other kinds of Grain in exchange for building materials. Apply at the Steam Planing & Grist Mill, in Bull st., or at our Lumber yard.

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

July 1.—1f.

**STRAWBERRIES,** fresh picked—every morning, can be had at the Confectionary of T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

#### HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE estate corner of Thames and Malborough streets, occupied by J. W. Allan. For terms enquire of

EDWARD T. ALLAN.

July 1.

**BOTTLED PORTER, ALE AND CIDER**—of superior quality, just received and for sale at the Confectionary and Variety Store of

T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

#### WHITE CORN.

THIS day received from Baltimore by Schooner Thomas Hooper, 4293 bushels white Corn now landing at Stevens' Wharf and for sale at the Lot directly opposite the store of George Bowen, Esq., by

July 1.] JOHN T. TILLEY.

**FISHING TACKLE**—a good assortment just received and for sale at the Variety Store of

T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

#### TO LET.

and possession given immediately.

A Shop with a convenient back room in the Subscribers House in Spring street.—It would be a suitable place for a Tailor, Dress-maker, or Milliners Shop. For terms apply to

ISAAC BURDICK.

Newport July 1.

**Strawberries, & Cream,** served up every day and evening, at T. STACY'S Confectionary.

July 1.

#### NEWPORT STEAM Planing, Sawing & Grist MILL.

THIS establishment is now in successful operation, in Bull street



## Poetry.

### Healing at Sunset.

BY MRS. LIDIA H. SIGOURNEY.

"At even, when the sun did set, they brought unto him all that were diseased."

St. Mark, 1st and 3rd.

Judas's summer day went down—  
When he fell from vale and plain—  
Around the Heavenly healer throng'd  
A sick and sorrowing train.

The pallid brow—the hectic cheek—  
The cripple bent with care—  
And he whose soul dark demons lash'd  
To leaping rage, was there.

He raised his hand—the lame man leap'd—  
The blind forgot his woe—  
And with a startling rapture gaz'd  
On Nature's glorious show.

Up from his bed of misery rose  
The paralytic pale—  
And the loath'd leper dared once more  
His fellow-man to hail.

Mark—on the arm of pitying love,  
The lunatic reclined—  
While unaccustom'd words of praise,  
Relieved his struggling mind.

The mother, to her idiot-boy,  
The name of Jesus taught—  
Who thus, with sudden touch had fir'd,  
The chaos of his thought.

For all that sad, imploring train,  
He heard ere evening fell—  
And speechless joy that night was born,  
In many a lowly cell.

Ere evening fell—Oh! ye who find  
The child of age descend—  
And with the lustre of your locks,  
The almond-blossoms blend.

Yet have not o'er an erring life,  
With deep repentance griev'd—  
But left the safety of the soul  
Unstudied—unachiev'd.

Before the hopeless shades of night  
Distill their baleful dew—  
Haste!—heed the Heavenly healer's call,  
Whose mercy waits for you.

[Ladies' Companion for June.

## A Chronological Account of all material Occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

1683.

William Coddington, was re-elected Governor and Walter Clarke, Deputy Governor.

Gov. Cranfield of New Hampshire received this year, a commission from the King to annex the Narragansett Country (or Kings Providence) to his Government.

Gov. Cranfield holds a Court at the house of Richard Smith in Narragansett. The General Assembly of Rhode Island, meet at Warwick on the 20th of August and adjourned to meet at the house of John Fones in Narragansett, near the place where Cranfield held his Court.

They passed resolves to forbid the enforcement of any act done by Cranfield's government.—The inhabitants of Narragansett not being disposed to submit to the government of Cranfield, he returned to New Hampshire and this colony had but little annoyance from that quarter afterwards.

Roger Williams,\* the founder of the settlement of Providence and who may be considered as the father of the Colony of Rhode Island, died April 1683 aged 63 years.

Rev. Richard Dingley was chosen Pastor of the first Baptist Church in Newport in place of Rev. Mr. Holmes, dec.

(To be Continued.)

\*Roger Williams, was born in Wales in 1599. He was educated at Oxford, and took orders. Becoming a puritan, he emigrated to America, and arrived at Salem in 1630 where he settled as a minister. On a dispute he removed to Plymouth where he remained two years as an assistant minister.—Being disgusted likewise with Plymouth, he returned to Salem in 1634, when he was chosen to succeed the Rev. Mr. Shelton, the magistrates opposed his settlement as they had done before, they made great objection to his principles, the heresy which appeared most grievous was his zeal for unqualified religious liberty. The Clergy, after having endeavored in vain to shake him by argument and remonstrance, as a last resort determined to call in the aid of the civil authority, and the General Court after due consideration of the case, passed sentence of banishment upon him, or as they phrased it, "ordered his removal out of the jurisdiction of the Court."—Some of the men in power had determined that he should be sent to England, but, when they sent to take him they found he had already departed. He came first to Seekonk, but being desired to remove from thence, which was within the jurisdiction of Plymouth, in the spring of 1635 he came over the river to a place called by the Indians Menashausick, but by him called Providence "in a sense of God's merciful Providence to him in his distress."—Here he purchased land of the Narragansett Sachems, and many of his friends soon followed him, they formed a settlement, and he became the founder and legislator of the infant Colony.—The inhabitants of the Narragansett Bay, being without a Patent, and any legal authority, In 1643 Mr. Williams went to England as Agent, and by the help of Sir Henry Vane obtained of the Earl of Warwick, the Governor & Admiral of the Plantations "a free and absolute Charter of civil incorporation, by the name of "Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay in New England." This form of Government subsisted till 1651 when Mr. Coddington obtained from the Council of State, a Commission constituting him Governor with a council chosen by the inhabitants. But the people, thinking it a violation of their rights, as secured by the Charter, dispatched Mr. Williams and Dr. Clarke to England, as their agents who procured an order to vacate or suspend the Commission.

In 1654 on his return from his second mission to England, he was chosen President of the Colony and was continued in that office by repeated Elections until 1657.

In the Charter of King Charles, he was named as one of the Assistants of the Colony, and was frequently elected an Assistant or Deputy to the General Assembly from Providence.

It should be remembered to his honor that no one of the early Colonists, without exception Wm. Penn, himself equalled him in justice and benevolence towards the Indians.—He labored incessantly and with much success, to enlighten and conciliate them. Although

he was not permitted to return to Massachusetts, he was frequently employed by that Government in negotiations with the Indians and other business of the highest importance to their interests. Even Cotton Mather in spite of his abhorrence of Williams heresy seems to have been touched by the magnanimity and kindness of the man, and confesses a little reluctantly that "for the forty years after his exile he acquitted himself so laudably that many judicious people judged him to have had the root of the matter in him, during the long winter of his retirement."

He died in April 1683 in the 84th year of his age, leaving six children, 3 sons and 3 daughters.

He published "a Key to the Language of America" an answer to Mr. Cotton's letter concerning the power of the magistrate, in matters of religion.—The Bloody Tenet of Persecution for the cause of Conscience.—The bloody tenet made more bloody by Master Cotton's endeavor to wash it white.—The Hiring Ministry none of Christ's: Experiments of Spiritual Life &c. and "George Fox digged out of his Burrough" the last being an account of his dispute with the Quakers."

## Agricultural.



**SALT FOR GRUB WORMS.**—A correspondent of the New Genesee Farmer says, that after finding the grub worm was cutting off his corn and cabbages at a sad rate, he first applied ashes, then soot, and Scotch snuff to the bill, hoping to destroy or drive away the worm, but it was all to no purpose. Afterwards, seeing it stated that salt was very disagreeable to the grub, he applied about two table spoonfuls to each hill of corn or cabbage, placing it so as not to touch the plant. The worms left them immediately.

Another says, that by putting about "a pinch" of salt to each plant, two or three times, the worm ceased his depredations. He also mentions a neighbor who watered his cabbages daily with water from a salt pork barrel, and was not troubled; but as soon as he discontinued the practice, his plants were attacked equally with his neighbors.—[Far. Cabinet.

**GARDEN.**—We pity the man that has no garden. For ourselves we had rather be deprived of almost any earthly good. Home would lose half its charms if destitute of this enchanting spot. Deprive an English cottage of its "little garden neatly planned before," and you destroy at once those fine associations which cluster around it and invest it with so many innocent delights and peaceful scenes. A house without a garden—then a home not half as happy as it might be. It was the curse of Adam to be driven from a garden and to lose its pleasures with the smiles of his Creator! To say nothing of its rich and luscious products—the cool, refreshing salad, the juicy melon, the fragrant strawberry, the purple plum, the delicious grape, and other fruits so grateful to the health—exerts a most salutary influence on the heart. We here behold, in the morning and evening walks, the silent, yet wonderful operations of the finger of God—the mysterious transformation of cold inanimate and sluggish earth, into living and most delicately wrought and painted buds and leaves, stems and fruit and flowers. How favorable to meditation at eventide a walk amid the fragrance and the beauties of the garden. What sweet and secret sympathies with nature in "her visible forms." What harmony between the soul and the gentle influences—the smile and eloquence of beauty from every living thing.

Our Saviour loved a garden. Gethsemane was the scene of one of the most touching incidents of his life on earth.

O garden of Olives, though dear honored spot, The fame of thy wonders shall ne'er be forgot; The theme most transporting to seraphs above—The triumphs of sorrow, the triumph of love.

Watchtower.

**BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, June 19.** Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

At Market, 410 Beef Cattle, 15 Cows and Calves, 600 Sheep, and 375 Swine. 50 Beef Cattle unsold.

**PRICES—Beef Cattle.**—Last week's prices were not sustained. We quote a few extra 50—first quality \$5 a 5 52; second quality \$4 50 a 4 75; third quality, a \$4 a 4 50.

**Cows and Calves.**—Sales at \$16, 19, 24, and 27.

**Sheep.**—Lots were sold from 1 50, to \$2, and 2 50.

**Swine.**—Former prices were not sustained. A lot to peddle at 4c for Fows, and 5c for Barrows—and a lot rather large size 3 1 4 for Sows and 4 1 4 for Barrows. At retail from 5 to 6 1 2c.

From the Boston Courier, Monday, June 26.

**Prices of Wool.**—Prime Saxony Fleeces washed, 36 a 40 cents per lb.; American full blood do, 33 a 34; do 3 4 do, 32 a 30; do 1 2 do 29 a 30; 1 4 and common do 25 a 27; Super. fine Northern pulled lambs, 26 a 30; No 1 do, do 23 a 25 No 2 do 15 a 20; No 3 do do 12 a 15.

This article remains without any material change in prices. But little Wool of the new clip has come to market, but there is a supply of the last clip sufficient to meet the present demand. Pulled wool is not abundant. No very extensive sales of either domestic or foreign have come to our knowledge during the past week. 100 bales ordinary Buenos Ayres were taken at 5 1 2 c per lb, 6 mo.

## BECKWITH'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILL.

THE ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILL have been more successfully employed in almost every variety of functional disorder of the stomach. Bowels, Liver and Spleen; such as heartburn, acid eructations, nausea, headache, pain and distension of the stomach and bowels, incipient Diarrhoea, colic, Jaundice, Flatulency, habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, sickhead ache, sea-sickness, &c. &c. They are a safe and comfortable aperient for females during pregnancy and subsequent confinement, relieving sickness at the stomach, headaches, heartburn and many of the incidental nervous affections. Literary men, students, and most other persons of sedentary habits, find they are convenient. Those who indulge too freely in the pleasures of the Table, find speedy relief from the sense of oppression and distension which follow, by taking the Pills. As Dinner Pills they are invaluable. Those who are drinking mineral waters, and particularly those from southern climates, and agree and fever districts, will find them a valuable adjunct. Those who are exposed to the vicissitudes of weather on voyages or journeys, can take them at all times with perfect safety. As Fall doses they are a highly efficacious and Anti-bilious Medicine. They seldom or never produce sickness at the stomach or griping.

**TESTIMONIALS.**  
From the mass of evidence published in favour of these pills, a few certificates are selected (as many as the limits of an advertisement will conveniently admit of) to show the character of the Pills as well as of the Proprietor, which last is deemed of some importance to establish confidence, at a time when the public are imposed on by so many ignorant and unprincipled imitators.

Duplin County, N. C. March 7, 1834.

To Dr John Beckwith:  
Dear Sir—I have with your permission used your Anti-dyspeptic Pills in my Practice ten years, and have thoroughly tested them in my own person; for you know I was much of a Dyspeptic and you will add, something of a hypochondriac, and have found them an invaluable remedy. My sick-headache is uniformly relieved by them. I feel the public should be made acquainted with their value and receive the benefits of a medicine calculated to do so much good, and to save them from the too common and undivided use of mercurial preparations. Truly yours,

ELIJAH CROSBY, M. D.

The following Testimonial of the claim of these Pills to public patronage, has been selected from many of similar import, recently furnished.

From the Rt. Rev. Levi S. Ives D. D., Bishop of North Carolina.

Raleigh, March 2 1835

Having for the last three years, been intimately acquainted with Dr. John Beckwith of this city, and enjoyed his professional services I take pleasure in stating that his character as a Christian gentleman, and experienced Physician, entitles his testimony, in regard to the use of his Anti-dyspeptic Pills, to the entire confidence of that public. My experience of the good effects of these Pills, for two years past, satisfies me of their eminent value, particularly in aiding impaired digestion, and warding off bilious attacks. Having been for some time subject to the annual recurrence of such attacks, I was in the habit of resorting for security against them, and with very partial success, to a liberal use of Calomel or Blue Pill. But since my acquaintance with the Anti-dyspeptic Pill of Dr. Beckwith he prescribed in the first instance himself, I have not been under the necessity of using Mercury in any form, besides being wholly exempt from bilious attacks. Several members of my family are experiencing the same beneficial effects.

The above PILLS are for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent. Newport, Dec. 18.

## Those Laboring Under

sickness can at once relieve themselves from the thousand maladies that flesh is heir to if they will only follow the counsels of nature, and take the medicine which best assists her in her operations. That medicine is the Vegetable Life Medicines of Dr. Moffat. The wonderful and miraculous cures which his Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters have everywhere performed, place them before all other medicines ever offered to the public. Composed entirely of vegetable substances they overcome the disease without corrupting the blood or weakening and destroying the constitution. Their nature is such that when taken into the stomach they are digested like other food, and are distributed throughout the whole system, giving additional strength to the sound parts, and purifying and restoring the weak and diseased. They not only act as a purgative in cleansing the bowels of all impurities, but they open the pores of the whole body, assist and promote all the animal secretions, and give a healthy vigor to the whole system. This is not idle declamation uttered without truth and only for effect, but is fully corroborated by innumerable letters and certificates which daily pour in upon the proprietor of the Vegetable Life Pills, from thousands who are grateful for a recovery of their health—a recovery which all other remedies had failed to procure them, and which they despaired of ever receiving. It is thus fully proved that the operations of nature are simple, and that disease of all kinds may easily be eradicated if the right course is taken to effect their cure. That course, we repeat, is to use Dr. Moffat's Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters. The beneficial results they produce on the human system are apparent as soon as their use is commenced. A single box cannot be taken without giving a relief to the sufferer which will convince him of their efficacy. All who value their health, their time, and their money, will at least try the Life Medicines when attacked with sickness. Being composed entirely of vegetables no injury can possibly arise from such a trial, and once tried they will forever supercede the necessity of a physician's services, or a physician's exorbitant charges.

These Valuable Medicines are for sale at

R. J. TAYLOR'S  
Medicine Store No. 148, Thames-street,  
Newport, (R. I.)

April 1. 1843.

## NEW GOODS

OF ALL KINDS

SUITABLE for the Season. Just opened

by H. SESSIONS

Picture Frames & Pictures.

A fine assortment, just received and for sale cheap, at STACY'S Variety Store.

## Marine and Fire Insurance

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Directors elected June 6th, 1842:—

William Rhodes, Solomon Townsend, Tully D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop, Robert A. Stafford, George S. Rathbone, Amos D. Smith, Caleb Harris and, Resolved Waterman, Jabez Bullock, Shubael Hutchings, Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property) per mail, to the resident and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

WILLIAM RHODES, President.  
ALEX. O. PECK, Sec'y.  
American Insurance Co's  
Office July 14, 1842.

## DR. PETERS' Medicated Lozenges.

PETERS' COUGH LOZENGES are now rapidly superseding all other preparations for the relief of coughs, colds, asthma, whooping coughs, tightness of the chest, bronchitis, and similar pulmonary affections.

**Peters' Cordial Lozenges**  
Are a specific for the relief of nervous or sick headache, lowness of spirits, or melancholy, languor and debility, either from previous disease or too free living, tremors, spasm of the stomach, irritability of the nerves, hysterical affection, drowsiness, cholera morbus, sense of fatigue and palpitation of the heart. From their efficacy in the relief of headache, they are called by many the Headache Lozenge.

**Peters' Worm Lozenges.**  
These are the desiderata so long required. They are so perfectly pleasant to the taste and gentle in their operations, that they may be fearlessly administered to the youngest infant, and yet no medicine heretofore discovered can be named in comparison with it as a destroyer of worms.

**Peters' Cathartic or Health Lozenge.**  
These lozenges will be found perfectly efficient, speedy, and safe in their operation.

They purify the system, purge the blood of every noxious substance, restore the functions of the whole animal economy, and leave the individual with a reinvigorated constitution.

As an alternative medicine, Peters' Health Lozenge stands unrivalled. On the approach of warm weather in the Spring they may be taken by all with decided benefit; often preventing a protracted sickness.

**Peter's Vegetable Shilling Strengthening Plaster.**

This is not only the cheapest, but the best, neatest, and most comfortable plaster in existence.

Peters' Shilling Plaster is an easy and most effective remedy for pain in the breast, side, or stomach, weakness or pain in the chest, loins, or back, stiffness of the neck, affections of the limbs or joints, whether produced by rheumatism or other causes, habitual pain of the head or stomach, piles, colds, coughs, liver complaints, weakness of the spine, predisposition to break out in bites and pimples, listlessness of the frame, and for general debilitation.

Let any person afflicted as above try one of Peters' Shilling Plasters, and we will venture to say that he could not be prevailed on to discard it again, for ten, or most probably for a hundred dollars. Price 12 1-2 cents.

**To the Whole World!**

PETERS' PILLS.—It is admitted by all who have used them (and who has not?) that Dr. Peters' Vegetable Pills are the most unrivalled medicine ever discovered by the ingenuity of man. They are a sovereign cure for the following complaints—Yellow and bilious fevers, fever and ague, dyspepsia, croup, liver complaint, sick headache, jaundice, asthma, dropsy, rheumatism, enlargement of the spine, piles, colic, female obstructions, heartburn, furred tongue, nausea, distension of the stomach and bowels, incipient diarrhoea, flatulency, habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, bloated or sallow complexion, and all cases of torpor of the bowels, where a cathartic or an aperient is needed.

They are exceedingly mild in their operation, producing neither nausea, griping or debility. Price 25 cents a box.

Come one, come all, and have your wills, By Patronizing PETERS' PILLS.

For sale at No. 142 Thames st.

Newport, by

CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent.

March 18.

## LUCINA CORDIAL.

MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, for the cure of all diseases of the female system, such as suppression, barrenness, impotency, leucorrhoea or whites, gleet, obstructed, difficult or painful menstruation, incontinence of urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system no matter whether the result, of inherent causes, or of causes produced by irregularity, illness, or accident.

The wide spread celebrity of this wonderful and inestimable cordial in both hemispheres is a sufficient guarantee for its quick and positive success in curing all the above affections and complaints. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness or looseness of the female frame, which is the only cause of barrenness, and which, prior to Dr. Magnin's discovery, was considered to be incurable.—And it speedily removes the impediments produced by prostration, which frequently deter men from getting married. Language, indeed, cannot do justice to the merits of the Lucina Cordial, which is regarded by the heads of the faculty in all parts of the world as one of the most important medical discoveries of any age. Price \$3 per bottle. Sold at No. 142 Thames Street, Newport.

March 18.

## PHYSIOLOGICAL

MYSTERIES and REVELATIONS.

IN

Love, Courtship, and Marriage:

An infallible Guide-Book for married and single persons, in matters of the utmost importance to the Human Race.

BY EUGENE BECKLARD, M. D.

For sale at No. 142 Thames Street

Newport. Price 75 cents.

March 18.

## SAMUEL W. BUTLER,

M. D. and SURGEON,

OFFICE, No. 62 THAMES STREET.

**MEDICINES**

of all kinds at 62 Thames street.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1843.

The Most Highly Approved

**MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL**

**USE FOR**

**COUGHS, COLDS, AND**

**all diseases of the Lungs.**

**THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY**  
BALSAM is believed to be the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis, consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

**Extracts from Certificates.**

Dr. Samuel Morrill of Concord, N.H., writes that he is satisfied the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam is a valuable medicine, having been used with complete success in cases which had previously resisted the most approved prescriptions.

Dr. Truman Abell of Lampeter, N.H., writes that he confidently recommends its use in all complaints of the chest, as equal, if not superior to any other medicine within his knowledge.

Dr. Amory Hunting, of Franklin, Mass., writes that after having prescribed the usual remedies without relief, and having consulted with several eminent physicians, he has found the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam to have had the desired effect, and recommends it as a safe, convenient and efficacious medicine.

Dr. Thomas Brown, of Concord, N.H., writes that to his knowledge, it has never disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it.

The public are particularly cautioned against the many Counterfeits or Imitations, which have partially or wholly assumed the name of the genuine article.

It is assured that it is not genuine unless one or both of the written signatures of SAMUEL REED or WM. JON'S CUTLER, are found attached to a yellow label on a blue envelope. (All labels of and after the date of Dec. 1839, will have the written signature of Wm. Jon's Cutler.) Prepared by REED, WING & CUTLER, (late Low & Reed,) Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham Street, Boston, and sold by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country Merchants generally. Price 50 cents.

October 29, 1842.

The above Balsam, is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent

## SPENCER'S

**Pills, Syrup, and Plaster.**

THE numerous proofs daily received of the utility of SPENCER'S VEGETABLE PILLS, not only from professional men, but also from individuals, previously unknown to the proprietor, many of them guardians and instructors of youth, who speak from personal knowledge, together with the rapid sale, completely satisfies him that he has not been deceived. Those recommendations have fully sustained it as a certain cure for the headache, as also a sure remedy for many other complaints if used according to the directions which accompany them.

For sale by MARY TILLEY, No. 49

Spring street.

At the Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"

NO 92 THAMES STREET.

**JUST RECEIVED**

From Boston in addition to the former

Stock of

**Medicine Dye Stuffs and**

**Perfumery,**

Extract of Rose,

Do do Orange,

Do do Honey,

Do do Burgamot,

Do do Myrtle,

Do do Magnolia,

Do do Woodbine,

Milk of Roses, Balm of Columbia.

Macassar, Buffalo, Bears, & Anique

Oil, for the hair,

French Lotion for chapped hands.

Cold Cream and Lip Salve,

German, French & American Cologne,

Sir James Murry's Fluid agnesia, M

Henry's Calci ned Magnesi

English, Windsor, and other soaps,

Edes, Kidders, & Paysons's Indelible

Ink.

ALSO, Medicine Chests, for Families,

or Vessels, and a general assortment of

Medicine, warranted of the first quality.—

For sale as above.

CHARLES COTTON.

Newport Oct. 15. 1842.

## NEWPORT

**DYE-HOUSE.**

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his

friends and the public, that he

has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly oc-

cupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner

street, where he is prepared to dye and

finish at 10 days notice in the best man-

ner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks,

Cassimeres, Crapes,

Merinos, Sattins,

Circassians, Pongees,

Bombazines, Hosiery

Gloves, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns

merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape

dresses; gentlemen's woollen garments,

such as dress, frock and great coats, sur-

touts, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed</



**SALES AT AUCTION.**

**B. GEORGE W. LORD,**  
**No. 208 Market street, Philadelphia.**  
*Great semi-annual sale of Boots and Shoes.*  
 Tuesday and Wednesday, August 15 and 16,  
 either will sell at auction, at his store, 208 Mar-  
 ket street, Philadelphia, a large quantity of  
 1000 Cases Boots, Shoes, Brogue, Hats, &c., &  
 a general and complete assortment of fresh and  
 second hand goods, at a great reduction of price.  
 Advances in cash will be made on the receipt  
 of his sale, and the goods while in my possession  
 against fire, free of charge, and no charge  
 for labor.  
 R. Abel Wyman, 16 Fulton street, Boston, will  
 forward goods in box, and make the advance-  
 ment in cash, and the goods will be made here  
 on either route.  
 The goods are received.  
 Philadelphia, June 12, 1843.

**Milford's Sale of Real Estate.**  
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned

...the authority given me in the  
of mortgage, and the said John  
A. D. 1858, by John Johnson and Charles  
there, will be said at public auction, on Mo  
of the 1st day of July instant, at 11 o'clock a  
premises—  
certain tract or parcel of land, situated in  
North Carolina, to-wit: North Carolina, and de  
Arnold and others; southerly by Benevolent  
it measures forty feet, easterly by land bel  
and westerly by the said Benjamin J. Jo  
news. The said premises being the same  
Johnson at d Burrill of William Andrews, a  
and is part of the premises by said And  
of the said Benjamin Johnson, and the  
records of Crawford Allen, per deed, dated the  
A. D. 1858, and recorded in Book No. 719,  
of the records of the said county.

GAMALIEL LYMAN DWIGHT,  
Mortgagee, with power.

BY WILLIAM BLANDING,

**Linens.**  
THURSDAY, June 29th, at 9 o'clock, at off  
South Main st.  
Invoice of Irish Linens, consisting of satin  
linens; damask table cloths; birdseye napier, be-  
doyles; fine linen sheetings; superfine Irish  
linen hdkies; Marseilles quilts, &c.

**House and Lot.**  
THURSDAY, June 29, at 12 o'clock, on the pre-  
mises dwelling house and lot, situated on C  
pleasant residence of G. W. Cooke. The house is  
convenient for one or two families, and in  
The lot fronts 50 feet on Cooke st, extending  
downwards at sale.

**Real Estate.**  
Terms of a mortgage deed from Reuben Smith  
of the premises, for power to sell, there will  
be public auction, at the premises, on TUESDAY  
at 11 o'clock, A. M.

[illegible][illegible]

Shakers, and they have been turned into a large millage and wood land, and is well watered by the Elgin and the Blackstone Canal. Also, about 100 acres of the same property, which is situated on the left side of the highway at the Little Tavern, (so called), in said town of Glen, and, other, personal property of the same property that was assigned to me by William Martin, deceased, and which I have sold under the terms, which are liberal, will be made known by a notice to be published in the Standard. Witness my hand and seal, this 10th day of May, 1827. STEPHEN MARTIN, Assignee.

At auction, on Saturday, 15th July next, the following property, to wit: the premises, together with the furniture of the power grist mill, mortgage debt, and other effects, of the late William Martin, deceased, on the 7th day of May, 1827, by Edward Dexter to the subscribers—the subscribers will sell all the above property, together with the premises, as described above, in the city of Providence, viz: the premises, together with the furniture of the mill, situated on the right side of Elm street, bounding westerly by the premises of the late William Martin, formerly belonging to James Brown, and southerly by the premises of the late William Martin, and southerly on Elm street.

DR. DUNSMORE, Surgeon  
just, who is a native of the  
the ladies and gentlemen  
and respectably, and  
agement he has received, for which he ten  
thinks, has indisputably secured the  
dence and vice versa, that  
ffends to remain in the city. For this pur  
the office at No. 48 South Main st., Pro  
building, with a firm intention of not being  
solicited, but to be contented with the  
ness of his charges, and assures all those w  
ed to patronize him, it shall be his greatest p

D. has a sure cure for the toothache, without  
All operations warranted.  
**E OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE**  
**PLANTATIONS.**  
OF PROVIDENCE, &c.,  
Pursuant to a resolution passed by the City  
of the city of Providence on the twenty-first  
A. D. 1843, in relation to the Dexter Donist  
and his associates, who were seized and confined  
in meeting at the Town House, (so called,  
in 1843 of the present month of June, being the  
last day of the said month of June, the said  
meeting business in relation to the property and  
the town of Providence by the last will  
of Ebenezer Knight Dexter, denominated "The  
Dexter Donist," and others, and other towns or  
connected therewith.  
under my hand, in and city of Providence  
this 6th day of June, A. D. 1843.  
at dm RICHARD M. FIELD, City

[illegible]

Reeds made by hand if preferred. As 47

**LIME.**

C. DEXTER'S Lime can be had at No. 48 S. 48  
street, of H. W. B. R. This Lime is w  
superior to any other burnt in this State, not  
the kiln, taken by the 10 or 20 casks together,  
are meritorious to the health of the people, and  
is the only one that can be used for bleaching. Also  
for bleaching.

Lime is recommended by Dr. Jackson as be  
ing the best to use into manure.

joint Lime for white washing, and common  
article, for manure.

use remember the brand.

made by ASKEW & GILL, Potswater, C. C. DEX  
ter.

**S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY BITTERS.**

THEY are the unrivaled and efficacious compo  
sition of a regular physician and graduate of the New Har  
vard College, who has made the study of medi

**Proble Evening Signal, N. Y.**  
**ERRY WINE BITTERS**—These are a remedy  
 very justly recommended by physicians as  
 the best for the debilitated system of  
 years has satisfactorily proved their virtue  
 by the slightest deleterious matter, they are  
 the best of all for the system, and the  
 They restore, and, if not laid aside, preserve  
 the animal economy in a state of habitual health  
 cannot be too much recommended to public  
 attention from the press.  
 From the News Letter, Exeter, N. H.  
**ARDSON'S BITTERS**, another of the  
 most valuable of the medicinal wines, is  
 habit of drinking bitters, (far more than the  
 dose of going to meeting,) for the reason of  
 the fact that it is a tonic, and it is  
 already, without the aid of rue, wormwood  
 &c. Nevertheless, afflicted with the prevailing  
 enumerated in the advertisement, I have  
 been cured of my habit of a bitter-bibber, was  
 inclined to call at Grant's, and inquire the

[illegible]

misses', boys' and children's Shoes, for sale at low prices, many of them at one-third the cost.



